







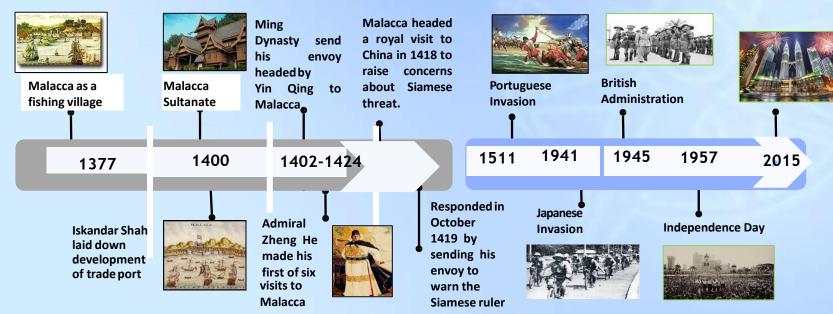
ENHANCING 21ST CENTURY MARITIME SILK ROAD: MALAYSIA'S PERPECTIVE AND FUTURE COOPERATION

BY

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MALAYSIA IN THE EARLY DAYS





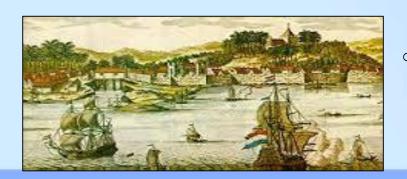
- Yin Qing's opened the way for the establishment of friendly relations between Malacca and China.
- Zheng He -Chinese merchants began calling at the port and pioneering foreign trading bases in Malacca
- China securing the trading routes and its special interest Malacca turned to regional warehouse for trading of goods
- Malacca strengthen trade relations with China Ming government changed their trade policy to eliminate the closed-door policy of the previous run.

MALACCA PORT DURING ANCIENT SILK ROAD





- Entrepot trading centre
- Visited by traders all over the world including China.
- o Strategically located at the confluence of the South China Sea, the Straits of Malacca and Sunda.
- Situated in a protected zone, safe from Southwest Monsoon and Northeast Monsoon.





In 1511, Tome Pires, a Portuguese who wrote an account of Malacca's administrative and trading history estimated that 2.4 million cruzados worth of trade passed through the port. In contrast - Seville, one of the wealthiest ports in Europe, reported trading value worth 4 million cruzados

BORNEO AND THE MARITIME SILK ROAD





- Located in the middle of the Southeast Asia archipelago.
- Han Dynasty Maritime Silk Road through Borneo was extended connecting the South China Sea with the African Red Sea.
- Song Dynasty more routes extended connecting Borneo to China and included the Philippines.

HISTORICAL FINDINGS:

six excavated sites along the deltas of Sarawak river formed part of a harbor, and that the region's main industry was iron smelting. It was linked to the Maritime Silk Road and the routes taken by Admiral Zheng He.

MALAYSIA'S – CHINA TRADE RELATIONS







Both pledged to increase bilateral trade to US\$160 billion by 2017



- O Total Trade: RM 207.85 Billion (USD54.45 Billion) increase 2.2%
 - 80.9% of export to China were Manufactured Goods



○ Imports for Malaysia ↑ 8.7% to RM115.5 billion(USD30.26 billion).



- E&E to China ↑7% and account for 46.6% of total exports
- O A total 41.6% of imports from China is also E&E

MARITIME SILK ROAD PHILOSOPHY



Spirit - "peace and cooperation, openness and inclusiveness, mutual learning and mutual benefit"



MALAYSIA'S CHINA RELATIONS – VIEW ON MSR



- Malaysia and China celebrated the 40th Anniversary of diplomatic relations in May 2014.
- Cooperation in the establishment of the 21st Century MSR was incorporated into the Joint Communique between Malaysia and China in conjunction with the 40th Anniversary of diplomatic relations.



Transport Minister of Malaysia
 expressed Malaysia's support for the 21st Century MSR.





FACTOR'S AFFECTING MSR



STATUS OF EXISTING HUB

- Development of new hub?
- Expansion fund
- Market alteration
- Added roles of existing ports

FINANCIAL RESOURCES

- Allocation for ports development
- Competing needs for other sectors

PEACE

- Strategic cooperation and mechanism
- Political stability
- Territorial integrity

SHIPPING

- Alliances
- Shipping freight market
- Local vs foreign
- Existing routes

WORLD/REGIONAL/ NATIONAL ECONOMIC

STATE

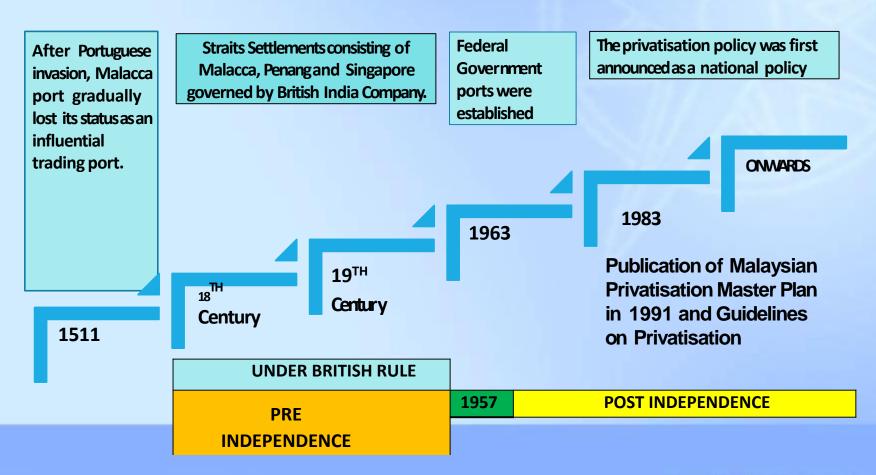
- Asia-Europe trade volume and capacity
- Economic integration/ cooperation
- Global trade

SECURITYAND SAFETYOF NAVIGATION

- National obligation
- TTEG
- MEH
- Cooperative Mechanism

CURRENT PORT POLICY & DEVELOPMENT IN MALAYSIA





MAJOR PORTS IN MALAYSIA





PORT KLANG – NATIONAL LOAD CENTER





- Malaysia's premier and largest seaport.
- Serving the Klang Valley which is the most developed and industrialized region in Malaysia.
- Designated since 1993 as the National Load Center.
- Handles more than half of Malaysia's container trade and is a major regional distribution and transshipment hub.
- Hutchinson Port Holdings is a shareholders
- World's 12th busiest container port. Current capacity 16.6 Million TELs

PORT OF TANJUNG PELEPAS – MALAYSIA'S TRANSHIPMENT HUB









- Malaysia's transhipment hub at the southern tip of Peninsular Malaysia.
- o Fastest growing container port in the world.
- World's top 20 container terminals.
- Moller-Maersk, the world's largest container service operators as shareholders.
- Current capacity 9.6 Million TEUs

CRUISE TOURISM IN MALAYSIA





Development of new cruise Terminal

- Malacca International Cruise Terminal Under construction, Operational 2017
- Kota Kinabalu Cruise Terminal
 Under construction, Operational 2018



B OUESTED CRUISE CENTRE, PORT KLANG

Technical info: No of. Berths: 3

Berthslength: Berth 1 - 438m

Berth 2 - 195m

Berth 3 - 210m

Maximum draft: 14 m



SWETTENHAM PIER CRUISE TERMINAL, PENANG

Technical info:

No of. Berths:

Berths length:

Maximum draft: 14 m



KOTA KINABALU PORT, SABAH

Technical info

No. Of berths :2 Berth length

:120m - 350m

Maximum Draft: 9.6m

MALACCA GATEWAY MILESTONE AND STATUS





- Will include development of a cruise terminal called Melaka International Cruise Terminal and marina with 100mega yachts and 1,000 yachts capacity.
- 6 mega yachts owners have registered interest to berth their mega yachts

EXPLORING VENTURE WITH SABAH PORTS









WHY

 China is Malaysia's largest export destination for palm oil products. 20.4 % of Malaysia global exports.







Malaysia accounted for 58.8% of palm oil of the China imports.



- Palm oil is the most important estate crop in Sabah.
- Sabah is single largest contributor to
 Malaysia's palm oil industry (30% of the
 National total and 12% of world total)



CURRENT COOPERATION BETWEEN MALAYSIA – CHINA PORTS (PORT ALLIANCE)



On 23rd November 2015 a port Alliance was signed between the following ports:-





- i. NINGBO PORT GROUP LIMITED
- ii. PORT OF DALIAN AUTHORITY
- iii. SHANGHAI INTERNATIONAL PORT GROUP CO.LTD
- iv. GUANGZHOU PORT AUTHORITY
- v. FUJIAN FUZHOU PORT AUTHORITY
- vi. JIANGSU TAICANG PORT MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE
- vii. PORT & SHIPPING AUTHORITY OF HAIKU CITY
- viii. BEIBUWAN PORT ADMINISTRATION OF SHENZHEN MUNICIPALITY
- ix. XIAMEN PORT AUTHORITY

- i. PORT KLANG AUTHORITY
- ii. BINTULU PORT AUTHORITY
- iii. JOHOR PORT AUTHORITY,
- iv. KUANTAN PORT AUTHORITY
- v. MALACCA PORT AUTHORITY
- vi. PENANG PORT COMMISSION

PORT STUDIES

TRAINING AND APPRENTICESHIP

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION

TRAFFIC DEVELOPMENT AND PROMOTION OF SERVICES BETWEEN PORTS

COMMERCIAL COOPERATION ON PORT DEVELOPMENT









 Guangxi Beibu Group International China (GBGI) holds a 40% stake in Kuantan Port Consortium Sdn. Bhd. a Malaysian company appointed by the Government for the development of Kuantan Port for the next 30 years.

Guangxi Beibu Group has brought in the cruise line MV Bei Bu Wan Zhi Xing to call at Kuantan Port starting

February 2015.







OTHER COMMERCIAL COOPERATION









- <u>Malaysia China Kuantan Industrial Park (MCKIP)</u> Jointly developed by Malaysia and China and accorded a "National Industrial Park" Status.
- MCKIP and China-Malaysia Qinzhou Industrial Park (CMQIP), have been identified as an "Iconic Project for Bilateral Investment Cooperation"

CONCLUSION









- VARIOUS FORMS OF COOPERATION EXIST WITHIN THE MARITIME SECTOR ESPECIALLY IN PORT COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT
- COOPERATION AND INVESTMENT IN NEW AREAS



O CAPACITY BUILDING TRAINING / EXPERT TRAINING THAT OFFERS WIDE RANGE OF ADVANTAGES FOR PORT AUTHORITIES , OPERATORS AND PORT RELATED COMPANIES FROM BOTH COUNTRIES



 MALAYSIA SHARE THE SAME SPIRIT OF MSR WHERE "PEACE AND COOPERATION, OPENNESS AND INCLUSIVENESS, MUTUAL LEARNING AND MUTUAL BENEFIT" PREVAIL OVER OTHER INTENTIONS.



TERIMA KASIH THANK YOU 期间的 xiè xiè